

# Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

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Loctite 435 20g GB,DE

sds no. : 204082 V002.1 Revision: 07.12.2010 printing date: 09.06.2011

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier: Loctite 435 20g GB,DE Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: Intended use: Cyanoacrylate

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Henkel Ireland Limited Product Safety & Regulatory Affairs Tallaght Business Park, Whitestown Dublin 24

#### Ireland

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24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

## 2. Hazards identification

### Classification of the substance or mixture:

Classification (DPD): Xi - Irritant R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

## Label elements (DPD):

Xi - Irritant



Risk phrases: R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

## Safety phrases:

S23 Do not breathe vapour.S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

## Additional labeling:

Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.

Contains Phthalic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Other hazards:

None if used properly.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

General chemical description:

Cyanoacrylate Adhesive

## Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number REACH-Reg No.	content	Classification
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	230-391-5	> 80- < 100 %	Skin irritation 2
7085-85-0	01-2119527766-29		H315
			Specific target organ toxicity - single
			exposure 3
			H335
			Serious eye irritation 2
			H319
Phthalic anhydride	201-607-5	> 0,1-< 0,9 %	Acute toxicity 4; Oral
85-44-9			H302
			Serious eye damage 1
			H318
			Skin sensitizer 1
			H317
			Specific target organ toxicity - single
			exposure 3
			H335
			Skin irritation 2
			H315
			Respiratory sensitizer 1
			H334

Only dangerous ingredients for which a CLP classification is already available are displayed in this table. For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

## Declaration of ingredients according to DPD (EC) No 1999/45:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	230-391-5 01-2119527766-29	> 80 - < 100 %	Xi - Irritant; R36/37/38
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	201-607-5	> 0,1 - < 0,9 %	Xi - Irritant; R37/38, R41 Xn - Harmful; R22 R42/43

For full text of the R-Phrases indicated by codes see section 16 'Other Information'. Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

## 4. First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures:

#### Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

## Skin contact:

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

## Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive. Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

#### Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritating to eyes.

Irritating to respiratory system

Irritating to the skin.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

See section: Description of first aid measures

## 5. Firefighting measures

## Extinguishing media:

## Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide. Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: None known

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2) can be released. In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

## Advice for firefighters:

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

## 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Avoid skin and eye contact.

## **Environmental precautions:**

Do not let product enter drains.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

### **Reference to other sections:**

See advice in chapter 8

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling:

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact

## Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed. Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction. For optimum shelf life store in original containers under refrigerated conditions at 2 - 8°C (35.6 - 46.4 °F)

### Specific end use(s):

Cyanoacrylate

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters:**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Туре	Category	Remarks
ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE 7085-85-0	0,3	1,5	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE		12	Short Term Exposure		EH40 WEL
85-44-9 PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE		4	Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
85-44-9		4	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL

### **Exposure controls:**

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

## Hand protection:

The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile are recommended.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

#### Eye protection:

Wear protective glasses.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties: Appearance liquid

pHNo data available.Initial boiling point> 149 °C (> 300.2 °F)Flash point80 - 93,4 °C (176 - 200.12 °F); Tagliabue closed cupDecomposition temperatureNo data available.Vapour pressure< 0,300000 mbarDensity1,1000 g/cm300Bulk densityNo data available.ViscosityNo data available.Viscosity (kinematic)No data available.Solubility (qualitative)Miscible(Solvent: Acetone)No data available.Solidification temperatureNo data available.Helting pointNo data available.FlammabilityNo data available.Auto-ignition temperatureNo data available.Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available.Partition casityNo data available.Vapor densityNo data available.No data available.No data available.Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available.Vapor densityNo data available.Vapor densityNo data available.Vapor densityNo data available.Vapor densityNo data available.Vapor densityN	Odor	colourless irritating
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## Other information:

No data available.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### **Reactivity:**

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

#### Chemical stability:

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions:

See section reactivity

## Conditions to avoid:

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

#### Incompatible materials:

None if used properly.

## Hazardous decomposition products:

carbon oxides.

## 11. Toxicological information

## General toxicological information:

The preparation is classified based on the conventional method outlined in Article 6(1)(a) of Directive 1999/45/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

#### **Oral toxicity:**

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

#### Inhalative toxicity:

Irritating to respiratory system

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

#### Skin irritation:

Irritating to the skin.

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

## Eye irritation:

Irritating to eyes. Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

#### Acute toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	LD50 LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg > 2.000 mg/kg	oral dermal		rat rabbit	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	LD50 LC50 LD50	2.500 - 5.000 mg/kg > 0,21 mg/l > 10.000 mg/kg	oral inhalation dermal	1 h	rat rat rabbit	

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	slightly irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	moderately irritating		rabbit	

#### Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	not irritating	72 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	not irritating		rabbit	

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	sensitising	Intracutan eus test	guinea pig	

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	negative negative negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test bacterial forward mutation assay	with and without with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test) OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative	bacterial forward mutation assay	with and without		

## 12. Ecological information

## General ecological information:

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

The preparation is classified based on the conventional method outlined in Article 6(1)(a) of Directive 1999/45/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

#### **Ecotoxicity:**

No data available.

#### Mobility:

Cured adhesives are immobile.

## Persistence and Biodegradability:

No data available.

## **Bioaccumulative potential:**

No data available.

## Toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	LC50	313 mg/l	Fish	48 h	Leuciscus idus	

## Persistence and degradability:

Hazardous components	Result	Route of	Degradability	Method
CAS-No.		application		
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate		aerobic	57 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready
7085-85-0				Biodegradability: Closed Bottle
				Test)
Phthalic anhydride		aerobic	99 %	OECD Guideline 301 E (Ready
85-44-9				biodegradability: Modified OECD
				Screening Test)

## Bioaccumulative potential / Mobility in soil:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogKow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	0,776				22 °C	EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1,6					

## **13. Disposal considerations**

## Waste treatment methods:

#### Product disposal:

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

#### Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

## Waste code

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

## 14. Transport information

## **Road transport ADR:**

Not dangerous goods

#### **Railroad transport RID:**

Not dangerous goods

#### **Inland water transport ADN:** Not dangerous goods

# Marine transport IMDG:

Not dangerous goods

## Air transport IATA:

Class:	9
Packaging group:	
Packaging instructions (passenger)	906
Packaging instructions (cargo)	906
UN no.:	3334
Label:	9
Proper shipping name:	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)
Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport and may be shipped unrestricted.	

## 15. Regulatory information

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

VOC content (1999/13/EC) < 3,00 %

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R42/43 May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

H302Harmful if swallowed.

H315Causes skin irritation.

H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318Causes serious eye damage.

H319Causes serious eye irritation.

H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335May cause respiratory irritation.

## **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with Council Directive 67/548/EEC and it's subsequent amendments, and Commission Directive 1999/45/EC.